

MVAJ

Middterm Exam



Exercises

Write out your solutions in a clear and precise manner.

All problems are weighted equally.

Exercise 1. Show that for all integers $n \geq 1$,

$$1 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot 3 + \ldots + n \cdot (n+1) = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{3}.$$

Exercise 2. Verify the binomial identity

$$\binom{n}{h}\binom{n-h}{k} = \binom{n}{k}\binom{n-k}{h}.$$

Exercise 3. Analyze the existence of integer solutions of the following Diophantine equations. Find all the solutions when possible :

(a)
$$28x + 16y = 97$$

(b)
$$28x + 16y = 100$$
.

Exercise 4. Show that 7 divides $5^{6n} - 1$ for every integer $n \ge 1$.

Exercise 5. Use the Sieve or Erastosthenes to find all primes at most 60.

Exercise 6. Prove that $\sqrt{2}$ is not a rational number.